

## Descriptions of Courses

### EE201 Circuit Theory

The aims of this course are to make the student understand principles and fundamental concepts of circuit analysis; to develop the student's familiarity and understanding in modeling and analyzing circuits through a variety of real-world examples. Another important aim is to extend the student's ability to apply system analysis to other branches of engineering.

### EE202 Signals and Systems

This course is an introduction to continuous-time and discrete-time signals and systems. The course covers Fourier series, Fourier transform, Laplace transform, and z-transform. Various types of systems with emphasis on linear time invariant system is studied.

### EE204 Electromagnetics

This course covers introductory electromagnetic fields and waves. Static electric fields and static magnetic fields are discussed. Time-varying fields and Maxwell's equations are introduced. Waves and transmission lines are studied.

### EE205 Data Structures and Algorithms for Electrical Engineering

This course is to provide EE students with understanding and ability for design and implementation of data structure for problems solving in the EE area using computer programming. It deals with information representation using data abstraction, object-oriented programming, Algorithm analysis. Basic data structures to be covered are Array and Linked list, Stack and Queue, Tree, Graph, Sorting, and Hashing. Applications of such basic structures in EE problems using C++ are also covered.

### EE209 Programming Structure for Electrical Engineering

This course covers data structures, algorithms, JAVA for electron electronics engineering. We study object-oriented programming techniques and use programming language C, JAVA.

### EE210 Probability and Introductory Random Processes

In this course, we discuss such various topics in probability theory and introductory random processes as probability, random variables, expectations, characteristic functions, random vectors, random processes, correlation functions, and power spectrum. From time to time, homework problems will be assigned, usually not for mandatory submission.

### EE211 Introduction to Physical Electronics

This course covers introductory material for semiconductor physics and semiconductor device physics. The course material starts from a discussion of crystal structure and progresses up to p-n junction. More specifically, the course covers the following topics: crystal structure of solids, principles of quantum mechanics, Schrödinger wave equation, energy band theory, statistical mechanics, carriers in semiconductors, extrinsic semiconductor-donors and acceptors, carrier drift, carrier diffusion, carrier generation and recombination, ambipolar transport equation, excess carrier lifetime, p-n junction - equilibrium, p-n junction & applications.

### EE303 Digital System Design

This goal of this course is to understand the basic principles of digital logic circuit, and the fundamental concepts, components and operations of digital system.

### EE304 Electronic Circuits

This course is an introduction to electronic circuits and the analysis and design of transistor amplifiers. First, the course extensively explains the basic operation principles of diodes, BJTs, and MOSFETs derived from physical structures and gives a concept of equivalent device models. Then, we will study the design and analysis of basic BJT and FET amplifiers and differential and multi-stage amplifiers.

(Prerequisite: EE201)

### EE305 Introduction to electronics design Lab

Experiments related to electronics are performed. Focus is made for both hands-on experience and design practice.

(Prerequisite: EE201, EE304)

#### EE308 Applied Electronics Lab

The main purpose of this course is to carry out project work related to VLSI, semiconductor, communication, DSP, microwave, optics, control, and power electronics. Two students form a group, and selects a project topic, project advisory professor, and perform the project research. A student's progress includes selection of project topic, presentation of proposal, presentation of an interim progress report, demonstration, and presentation of the final report.

(Prerequisites: EE305, EE306)

#### EE311 Operating Systems and System Programming for Electrical Engineering

This course provides students with the knowledge and skills necessary to build a foundation in system programmings, sepecially focused on operating systems and implementation. Topics include an overview of the components of an OS, concurrency, synchronization, processes, memory management, I/O devices, and file systems. It covers basic principles of assemblers and compilers.

#### EE312 Introduction to Computer Architecture

The objective of this course is to understand the basic principles and hardware structures of computer systems including personal computers and workstations, and to learn how to design computers. This course covers data representation, CPU organization, instruction classification, language processing of assemblers and compilers, pipelining for performance enhancement, memory hierarchy, cache memory, and IO peripheral devices. In addition, high-performance computer systems are to be introduced.

(Prerequisite: EE203)

#### EE321 Communication Engineering

This course is a brief introduction to random processes. Topics include: Basic operating principles and circuits of AM, FM, and SSB modulation/demodulation, PLLs, mixers and ADCs; Noise performance of communication systems; Introduction to digital communication techniques such as BPSK, FSK and QAM keying / detections. Issues related to multiple access techniques are covered.

(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE323 Computer Network

This course will help the students learn how to design and implement computer networks, and their protocols, services, and applications. This course will include both principles and practice, but more importantly, is designed to let the students have hands-on experience. Most of the topics will be connected to the Internet, i.e., how the Internet works.

#### EE324 Network Programming

This is an introductory networking course based on the Cisco Networking Academy Program and provides knowledge and practical experience with the design, configuration, management, and maintenance of computer networks. Topics include OSI 7-layer architectures, cabling, Ethernet, routing, TCP / IP protocols, IP addressing, routing protocols, WANs, network troubleshooting, and access control lists.

#### EE326 Introduction to Information and Coding Theory

This lecture provides a short introduction to essential topics in information theory for communication engineers. The topics include 1) measures of information and source, 2) Data compression, 3) Channel Capacity and Error Control Codes, 4) a very short description of rate distortion theory.

#### EE341 Electromagnetic waves and antennas

This course covers intermediate electromagnetic waves and antennas. Transmission line applications and waveguide fundamentals are introduced. Basic antenna theory is discussed. Antennas for wireless applications are further studied.

(Prerequisite: EE204)

#### EE342 Radio Engineering

This course is designed to provide a cohesive overview of fundamental topics required for the design and analysis of RF stages of the modern wireless communication circuits, components, and systems.

(Prerequisite: EE204, EE304)

#### EE362 Semiconductor Devices

In this course, we study in depth how the basic semiconductor devices operate. Various semiconductor devices are examined including a pn junction diode, a bipolar junction transistor (BJT), and two-field effect transistors (MOSFET, JFET). This course will also cover non-ideal effects in the real semiconductor devices.

#### EE372 Digital Electronic Circuits

This course covers basic concepts of fabrication, operation and design techniques related with CMOS integrated circuits based on combinational / sequential logic blocks for arithmetic, logic and memory blocks. Also covered are such issues as timing, interconnect and design methodologies.

#### EE381 Control System Engineering

This course will cover general methods for analysis and design of the dynamic system. The main contents include modeling in the frequency and time domain, time response, reduction of multiple subsystem, stability, steady-state error, root locus technique, frequency response technique, and design via frequency response and state-space.

(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE391 Electronic Control of Electric Machines

This course discusses the operational principles, analysis, modeling and design of power conversion circuits in power electronics and carried out Spice simulations.

(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE401 Communication Skills

This listing is for engineers performing research and development for new technologies and products based on market demand, communication skills are essential to fully exploit one's professional skills. This course covers important principles and skills through presentations, lectures, dialogue, group discussions, negotiations, both technical and nontechnical.

#### EE402 Future Society and Electrical Engineering

This course is aimed at providing students with opportunities and skills for career planning and thus better preparing them for the future change in society by taking a look at technical trends in various areas of electrical engineering and the expected demands from the future society.

#### EE403 Analog Electronic Circuits

This course starts with the basic circuits for the design of BJT and CMOS amplifiers. The topics include the frequency response of amplifiers, feedback, an introduction to analog integrated circuits, various types of amplifier output stages, the study of analog filter, oscillator, and signal generators.

(Prerequisites: EE201, EE304)

#### EE405 Electronics Design Lab

In this design experiment laboratory, knowledge learned in many other courses in this division are brought to bear on performing a project combining analog / digital and hardware / software. Hence, a chipstone design experiment will be performed, which establishes synthesized application of undergraduate theory courses. For example, analog AM radio will be designed using various analog circuits, and voice recorder will be designed using Linux based embedded system.

(Prerequisite: EE306)

#### EE406 Project Lab

The objective of this course is to educate students as electronics engineers that yields hands-on experience and creates team spirit. Every research team consisting of two students develops an innovative electronic system. Each team selects a proper research topic and designs / realizes / verifies the system. All students present their research progress twice in class and demonstrate the final results.

#### EE411 Switching and Automata Theory

This course provides theory and technique for design and analysis of combinational / sequential digital circuits using discrete mathematics. Topics include: basics for set, relation and lattices; switching and boolean algebra, and switching function; combinational logic synthesis by functional decomposition; fault detection in combinational / sequential circuits; structure of finite state automata; automata-to-machine transformation; state and machine

identification; properties of finite state machine with memory span; inverse machine; communicating finite state machine and systems verification; binary decision diagram and its application.  
(Prerequisite: EE203)

#### EE414 Embedded Systems

In this lecture, various hardware and software components and system implementation aspects of embedded system are covered. Covered topics include bus-based expandable ARM processor based board, open-source embedded Linux operating system, PC-based software development environment, digital and analog interface techniques, ARM assembly language, device drivers. Hands-on experience is gained to enhance firm understanding.  
(Prerequisite: EE203)

#### EE421 Wireless Communication Systems

This course emphasizes practical implementation aspects of digital communication systems. A physical-layer software implementation project will be assigned for a selected commercially-deployed communication system. Topics covered in this digital communication course include : (1) Digital modulation and demodulation, Optimum receivers, (2) Adaptive equalization and Synchronization, (3) Channel capacity, Error control codes.  
(Prerequisite: EE321)

#### EE425 Wireless Network

This course teaches the principles of wireless network access techniques and system applications. The main focus of contents covers wireless medium access techniques, multiple access control and scheduling, system capacity optimization, and their applications to WiFi, WiMax, and adhoc sensor networks.

#### EE432 Digital Signal Processing

This course studies the representation, analysis, and design of discrete-time signals and systems. Topics include a review of the z-transform and the discrete Fourier transform, the fast Fourier transform, digital filter structures, digital filter design techniques, analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog data conversion, rate conversion, sampling and aliasing issues.  
(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE441 Introduction to Fiber Optic Communication Systems

This introductory course is intended to familiarize students with underlying principles of fiber optic communication systems. Topics include an overview of fiber optic communication systems, optics review, lightwave fundamentals, light detectors, noise analysis, and system design, etc.

#### EE452 Fundamentals of Photonics

The course will cover concept of photonics and photonic devices. Basic principles and their applications are introduced.

#### EE463 Semiconductor IC Technology

Technology for Silicon Semiconductor IC (Integrated Circuit) chip which is the basis of modern electronic systems, will be covered, focusing on its historical background, structures of modern semiconductor devices, and fabrication processes. Current and future trends of semiconductor IC technology will also be discussed.  
(Prerequisite: EE211, EE362)

#### EE464 Electrical Engineering for Green Energy

This course will teach students the fundamental principles and concepts for electric power system with an emphasis on renewable energy technologies that are important from the perspectives of electrical engineering.

#### EE466 Introduction to Biomedical Electronics

This course will introduce elementary concepts of biomedical electronics and guide students how to apply their electrical engineering skills to solve problems in medicine and biology. Topics include biomedical sensors, nano-bio sensors, nano-bio actuators, bio-inspired devices for medicine, non-invasive and ubiquitous body sensing, and their clinical applications.

#### EE474 Introduction to Multimedia

This course introduces students to the variety of media elements including text, graphics, sound, video, hardware and software components and the necessity for interactivity in multimedia as well. By introducing associate

fundamental technologies, the course aims to help and encourage students to develop their imaginative and creative skills using multimedia.

(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE476 Audio-Visual Perception Model

This course teaches the principles of wireless network access techniques and system applications. The main focus of contents covers wireless medium access techniques, multiple access control and scheduling, system capacity optimization, and their applications to WiFi, WiMax, and adhoc sensor networks..

#### EE481 Intelligent Systems

Two major themes of this course are 'Modern Control System' and 'Computational Intelligence'. Each lecture will address a balanced emphasis on the theory about the control system and its applications in practice. The first part of this course includes digital control system design and state-space methods for control system design. The basic system identification scheme will also be included, considering the control of unknown systems. Once background knowledge of the modern control system is established, this course will then focus on the second part composed of computational intelligence using fuzzy logic, artificial neural network and evolutionary computation as main topics to introduce recent trend in intelligent control. Term projects will be assigned to test the algorithms to the given problems.

(Prerequisites: EE381)

#### EE485 Special Topics in Electronic Engineering I

#### EE486 Special Topics in Electronic Engineering II

Special topics in electrical engineering for new theoretical and applied fields will be covered in this lecture that involves a suitable subtopic(s).

#### EE490 B.S. Thesis Research

In this course, the student selects an advisor and a research topic, and conducts research to expand his basic understanding and application regarding a specific research topic in electrical engineering.

#### EE495 Individual Study

In this course, the student select an advisor and a research topic, and conducts research for basic understanding and application of a simple specific topic in electrical engineering.

#### EE496 Seminar

This course is composed of invited lectures from experts in electrical engineering and various areas.

#### EE505 Electronics design Lab.

The goal of this course is to improve problem-solving techniques and ability for real design problems by performing electronic circuit designs and learning high-precision measurement techniques and error analysis methods. This course deals with five electronics experiments such as feedback amplifier design, controller design using EPLD, digital signal processing using DSP boards, device driver programming, and RF experiments, each of which is conducted for two or three weeks.

#### EE511 Computer Architecture

The goal of this course is to understand the principles and organization of computer systems, and to learn the performance enhancing techniques and quantitative analysis methods used in advanced processors. This course covers high-performance techniques such as pipelining and out-of-order processing, memory hierarchy including cache memory and virtual memory, interrupt processing, and how to design a processor based on quantitative analysis. In addition, recent important topics such as SIMD and multiprocessors will be introduced and a design and simulation for a virtual processor is to be practiced for a comprehensive understanding of computer systems.

(Prerequisite: EE203, EE312)

#### EE512 System Programming

This course provides students with the knowledge and skills necessary to build a foundation in system programmings, and is especially focused on operating systems and implementation. Topics include an overview of the components of an OS, concurrency, synchronization, processes, memory management, I/O devices, and file

systems.

#### EE513 Operating Systems for Networked Systems

Lecture on operating system and network system handles network middleware. Network middleware is a distributed software layer that works above the network operating system and below the application layer and abstracts the heterogeneity of the underlying environment. The role of middleware in network systems will become increasingly important, especially in emerging technology areas such as mobile computing where the integration of different applications and services from different wired and wireless networks becomes important. Since a middleware is represented with providing useful building blocks for the construction of software component, the lecture will introduce basic principles, architectures, interactions in distributed system, and a broad sense of content in the computing infrastructure.

#### EE515 Cryptography and Network Security

This course covers the basic principles of cryptography and network security. The conventional encryption algorithms, public key encryption and hash functions, message authentication will be discussed at the first part. It also covers the network security issues including current network security tools such as Kerberos, IP security, and SSL/TLS. The system security including the threat of intruders and viruses, and the counter measures.

#### EE516 Embedded Software

This lecture covers the topics of embedded software programming including Linux basic commands, shell programming, kernel structure, interprocess communication, file system, device drivers, and bootloader structure. Each student will practice to implement the lectured topics on an embedded computer to be a real embedded system programmer.

(Prerequisite: EE209)

#### EE520 Telecommunication Networks

Topics covered in this course include layered network architecture, open system interconnection (OSI), and various network protocols, such as Ethernet, Token Ring, FDDI, DQDB, X.25, Frame Relay, SMDS, Internet, telephone network, signaling network, and ATM network.

#### EE522 Communication Theory

Fundamental principles and mathematical bases underlying digital communication systems are introduced. Topics include MAP detection theory, optimum receivers, information theory, coding theory and diversity techniques.

(Prerequisite: EE421)

#### EE525 Networking Technology and Applications

Topics covered in this course include timing recovery, channel equalizer, speech codec in wireless communications, electronic switching system, router, protocol design and validation, network simulators, data transmission using Winsock, Linux porting and Linux routing, network device driver, CDMA base transceiver system, and network management.

#### EE527 Data Communication

This is a graduate level course on data communication. The first half of the course involves an overview, data transmission and data communication network. The latter half of the course involves internet protocol, internet service and wireless internet.

#### EE528 Engineering Random Processes

In this course, based on the fundamental concepts and knowledge addressed in EE210 (EE423), we discuss advanced topics in probability and random processes for applications in engineering. Topics include algebra of sets, limit events, random vectors, convergence, correlation functions, independent increment processes, and compound processes.

(Prerequisite: {EE210 (EE423)} or {Approval of the Instructor})

#### EE531 Statistical Learning Theory

Introduce students the fundamental concepts and intuition behind modern machine learning techniques and algorithms, beginning with topics such as perceptron to more recent topics such as boosting, support vector machines and Bayesian networks. Statistical inference will be the foundation for most of the algorithms covered in the

course.

#### EE533 Digital Speech Processing

This course explains how digital signal processing techniques can be applied in the field of speech communication. The initial part of the course covers some background material in signal processing and the acoustic theory of speech production. Later lectures cover coding, recognition and synthesis of speech.

(Prerequisite: EE202)

#### EE535 Digital Image Processing

This course deals with the fundamental concept of digital image processing, analysis, and understanding. Topics include sampling, linear and nonlinear operations of images, image compression, enhancement and restoration, reconstruction from projections, feature extraction, and image understanding.

#### EE538 Neural Networks

This course covers the theory and application of neural networks. In particular lectures explore the structure and function of neural networks and their learning and generalization. Also various models of neural networks and their applications are illustrated.

#### EE539 Nonlinear Statistical Signal Processing

This course is to allow the students majoring in the general areas of communications and signal processing (and those in other areas also) to obtain the basic and advanced knowledge of statistical techniques for signal processing. Topics include multivariate distributions, order statistics, and their applications. The key concepts, theory, and methodology of nonlinear techniques for statistical signal processing are studied.

(Prerequisite: EE528 recommended)

#### EE541 Electromagnetic Theory

This course is designed to treat electromagnetic theory with applications in wave-guides and antennas. The course will start with Maxwell's equations and show how to apply Maxwell's equations to the basic electromagnetic wave phenomena.

#### EE542 Microwave Engineering

This course is designed to provide in-depth understanding and knowledge on the theory and applications of microwave circuits, components, and systems used in Microwave and RF wireless communication systems.

(Prerequisite: EE204)

#### EE543 Antenna Engineering

This course mainly deals with general theories and applications for antenna and antenna system. The main topics are including an introduction to antennas, analysis and synthesis of antenna elements and arrays, microstrip antennas, active phased array antenna, and smart antenna techniques.

#### EE546 Fields and Waves

This course covers fields and sources in wave-guides, coupled mode theory, and wave propagation in periodic structures and anisotropic media. Green's functions and their applications to radiation and scattering of waves are extensively considered.

#### EE555 Optical Electronics

This course covers propagation of lightwave in isotropic and anisotropic media, Gaussian beams, interaction of matter and light, principles of lasers, modulation and switching of light, and nonlinear optical phenomena.

#### EE561 Introduction to VLSI Devices

This course covers fundamental VLSI device physics for graduate students. After a brief review of basic quantum mechanics and semiconductor processes, the lecturer will cover basic principles of operation in semiconductor devices including PN junction, MOS Capacitor, MOSFET and bipolar transistors with a strong emphasis on deep submicron secondary effects of MOSFET and bipolar transistors for extensive understanding of advanced device engineering.

(Prerequisite: EE362)

#### EE563 Display Engineering

In this course, the technology trend of the next generation information display devices will be introduced and their basic principles will be studied. In particular, LCD, PDP, OLED, and FED are mainly discussed.

#### EE565 Modern Physics for Engineers

This course primarily emphasizes "quantum mechanics" and "statistical physics" for engineers. Quantum mechanics includes a history of quantum physics, Schrödinger equation, concept of wavepacket, and N-degrees of freedom. Statistical physics covers a motivation, concept of ensemble average, Boltzmann distribution, Bose-Einstein distribution, Fermi-Dirac distribution, and Non-Equilibrium statistics.

#### EE566 MEMS in EE Perspective

In this course, we will discover microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) in electrical engineering perspective, touching a complete set of design, fabrication, and applications. With respect to designing MEMS, we will explore various working principles, CAD tools including semiconductor design tools, and signal processing circuits. Also, core semiconductor processing technologies and a wide range of micro-machining techniques are studied in depth, in order to fabricate MEMS. We will address important issues in major fields of MEMS applications, including microsensors, RF / microwave, optical, and bio / microfluidic MEMS, specially in an electrical engineering viewpoint.

#### EE567 Photovoltaic Power Generation

In this course, various photovoltaic devices and systems are introduced. This course deals with basic theory of solar cells, the structures and characteristics of various solar cells, and the recent R&D trend and future prospects of photovoltaic technologies.

(Prerequisites: EE302)

#### EE568 Introduction to Organic Electronics

In this course, students will get familiar with the fundamental principles behind electronic/ photonic properties of organic materials, and will learn how those principles can be built into real-world devices such as organic light emitting diodes (OLED), solar cells, and field-effect transistors. Upon completion, students will be able to build a solid foundation that they can later apply to real engineering problems in related areas.

#### EE569 Nanobioelectronics

It covers interfacial phenomena occurring in a hybrid system of semiconductors and biomolecules, elementary biological materials, fundamentals of MOSFET, nanofabrication techniques, manipulation technology of bio-molecules based on nanobiotechnology, aqueous solutions, solid-liquid junctions, Lab-on-a-Chip, biosensors, and Bio-MEMS technology.

#### EE571 Advanced Electronic Circuits

This course introduces new analysis methods for analog-circuits implemented by using bipolar and MOS transistors. Since the design of analog circuit requires both approximation and creativity, this course explains how to approximate and design complicated circuits.

(Prerequisites: EE304, EE403)

#### EE573 Introduction to VLSI Systems

This course covers the role, application and various issues in the design and verification of various VLSI chips including SoC (System-on-Chip). Additional topics include HW / SW co-design and co-verification, full-custom design, reconfigurable systems, low-power system, interconnection and packaging, clock distribution, VDSM (Very Deep Submicron) issues. Students will be given two opportunities for poster and oral presentations, respectively, on the topic of his / her choice within the course subject.

#### EE574 Computer Aided Design of VLSI Circuits and Systems

This course covers basic concepts and algorithms for CAD and design methodology for VLSI circuits and systems including automatic synthesis at various levels of abstraction, timing analysis and timing closure, and testing and testable design.

#### EE581 Linear Systems

Topics include system representation (input-output description, state variable description), solutions of linear



dynamical equations, controllability and observability, irreducible realization, stability (BIBO stability, Lyapunov stability) for rigorous treatment of linear systems. In addition, feedback linearization is to be covered.

#### EE582 Digital Control

This course describes the analysis and design of digital control systems. Sampling and data reconstruction and Z-transform in computer control system will be covered. Analysis and design of digital control systems using frequency domain techniques will be introduced. Also, design of the digital control system using state space approaches will be covered. As a term project, a real-time digital control system will be implemented on a microprocessor system.

#### EE594 Power Electronics Systems

This course covers the design and analysis of the topology about the DC / DC converter, PFC (Power Factor Correction) circuit and control method in that topology. Also the topology such as inverter, resonant converter, and active power filter is introduced, and the control algorithm of that topology is studied in this course. Finally the state of the art in power conversion system is discussed, and every student carries out a term project about design and modeling of power supply. On completion of this course students will have built confidence on their ability to design and analyse the power conversion system.

(Prerequisite: EE391)

#### EE612 Discrete Event System Modeling and Simulation

This course provides theory and practice for modeling and simulation of discrete event systems which include communication networks, manufacturing systems, and high level computer systems. Topics include system taxonomy and discrete event systems (DES) characteristics; three entities in modeling and simulation; model representation and formalism construction; DEVS (Discrete Event systems Specification) formalism and DES modeling; simulation algorithm for DES; Petri Net modeling and analysis; statistics for modeling, simulation and analysis; model validation; output analysis and performance evaluation; advanced topics in DES modeling and simulation.

#### EE613 Distributed Computing Systems

Distributed computing systems have become pervasive. From clusters to internet-worked computers, to mobile machines, distributed systems are being used to support a wide variety of applications. This course introduces key concepts and techniques underlying the design and engineering of distributed computing systems. The following are the objectives of this course:

- In depth understanding of core concepts of distributed computing.
- Construction of applications and supporting system components by doing project work.

#### EE614 Service Oriented Computing Systems

Many of key technique now being applied in building services and service-based applications were developed in the areas of databases, distributed computing, and multiagent systems. These are generally established bodies of work that can be readily adapted for service composition. Lecture on service oriented computing will cover the principles and practice of service oriented computing. Especially, it introduces architecture, theories, techniques, standards, and infrastructure necessary for employing services.

#### EE615 Architecture of Systems Problem Solving

This course provides fundamental systems concepts, major categories of systems problems, and methods for dealing with these systems problem at a context-independent general level. It covers a conceptual framework based on which systems problems are defined together with methodological process of solving such problems. A computerized tool to realize such framework is introduced with some case studies.

#### EE617 Parallel Computing Systems and Programming

This course covers the various parallel computing architectures such as Multiprocessors, Message-passing Parallel Computers, MPSoc, GPU, Multicore- and Many-core architectures. The parallel programming as well as the applications will be discussed with several parallel programming practices on our KAIST cloud computing test-bed. The issues of operating systems for many-core architectures and their applications are also covers

#### EE621 Coding Theory

This course is the advanced course dealing with methods for correcting and detecting error in data and covers finite field theory, cyclic code, BCH code, Reed-Solomon code, convolutional code, trellis-coded modulation, turbo code, LDPC code, space-time code, and adaptive coding.

(Prerequisite: EE522, EE528)

#### EE622 Signal Detection Theory

This course introduces the fundamental concepts and principles in signal detection for graduate students. Among the main topics are hypothesis testing, characteristics of normal processes, types of detection criteria, signals and noise, composite hypothesis testing, known signal detection, and random signal detection.

(Prerequisite: EE528 recommended)

#### EE623 Information Theory

This course covers the core concept of information theory, including the fundamental source and channel coding theorems, coding theorem for Gaussian channel, rate distortion theorem, vector quantization, multiple user channel and multiple access channel.

(Prerequisite: CC511, EE528)

#### EE624 Mobile Communication Systems

Topics covered in this course include an overview of various mobile communication systems, cellular system architecture, access technologies, radio propagation, fading, antennas, diversity, link analysis, CDMA spread spectrum systems, physical layer, data link layer, network layer protocol, traffic control, mobile communication network architecture, and 3G system.

#### EE625 Applied Detection and Estimation

Fundamental principles and algorithms for detection and estimation will be presented in a unified framework. Some topics are maximum likelihood detection and estimation, Neyman-Pearson detection, minimum mean square error estimation, Cramer-Rao lower bounds and Kalman filters. Emphases are given to the applications of algorithms to contemporary real-world problems such as digital wireless communications, MIMO antenna processing, radar signal and data processing, point target detection, and satellite orbit/attitude estimation.

#### EE626 Advanced Communication Theory

This course is meant to provide a strong foundation for graduate study and research in the area of communications. The main objective of this course is to fortify the understanding of advanced communication theories required to design and analyze digital communication systems, especially for memory channels

#### EE627 Performance Analysis of Communication Networks

This course focuses on advanced techniques for control, modeling and performance analysis of high-speed communication networks and the Internet. Traffic, network queueing, quality of services, various network algorithms and protocols are quantitatively analyzed and discussed.

#### EE628 Visual Communication Systems

This course deals with the efficient coding of still image and video sequence and the international standards for transmission and storage of image information. Topics cover the representation of image signals, sampling, quantization, entropy coding, predictive coding, transform coding, subband coding, vector quantization, motion estimation, motion-compensated coding, segmentation-based coding, various international standards for bi-level image coding, still image coding and video coding.

(Prerequisite: EE432)

#### EE629 Mobile Communication Engineering

In this course, we study the fundamental and advanced topics in wireless and mobile communication systems. Topics include: (1) propagation phenomena, (2) wireless/mobile channel modeling, (3) performance evaluation of modulation schemes on multi-path fading channel, (4) techniques to combat multi-path fading such as multi-carrier modulation, adaptive equalization, and diversity.

#### EE631 Advanced Digital Signal Processing

This course aims to learn fundamental technologies for signal modeling and estimation and covers deterministic and

random signal modeling, lattice filter realization, parameter and signal estimation, Wiener and Kalman filter design, parametric and nonparametric spectrum estimation, and adaptive filtering.  
(Prerequisite: EE432, EE528)

#### EE634 Pattern Recognition

This course deals with fundamental techniques of statistical pattern recognition. Topics cover Bayes decision theory, parametric pdf estimation, non-parametric pdf estimation, feature transformation and selection, linear discriminant function, multi-layer neural networks, unsupervised learning, clustering.

(Prerequisite: EE528)

#### EE636 Digital Video Processing

This course provides basic theory and techniques for the representation and processing of digital video. Topics include digital video formats, video spatio-temporal Sampling, 2-D/3-D motion estimation, motion segmentation, digital video filtering, video enhancement, video compression, and digital video system. In addition to the theory, students suppose to participate in experiments that are related to the above topics.

#### EE637 Speech & Audio Coding Theory

This course offers the basic mathematical backgrounds and implementation techniques of not only recent mobile speech coding methods including CELP but also audio coding techniques such as MP3 and AAC. In addition, we study the trends for convergence of speech and audio coding techniques.

(Prerequisite: EE432)

#### EE641 Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuits

Key elements of microwave/RF ICs for wireless systems including mobile communications and radars are covered. Subcircuits including low noise amplifier, mixer, voc, power amplifier, switches, phase shifter, and digital RF blocks are studied with their design methods, modeling methods, and characterizing methods.

(Prerequisite:EE204, EE304)

#### EE643 MMIC Design

This course is designed to provide graduate students with design capability of the millimeter-wave integrated circuits and application systems.

#### EE645 Wireless Transceiver Systems

RF signals in modern wireless systems are basically based on digital techniques. To understand the architectures and be able to specify the parameters of the modern RF transceiver systems, fundamental concepts both on digital and RF are necessarily understood. This course gives the basic concepts and technologies related to modern digital radio transceiver systems.

#### EE647 Nano-Photonics

The course will cover photonic properties of nanoscale structures and devices. Basic principles and their applications are introduced.

#### EE650 Optimization in Communication Network

The course covers parallel and distributed algorithms for optimization problems with special emphasis on the application of these algorithms to various communication network algorithms such as distributed power control, flow control and routing. In particular, asynchronous algorithmic models are emphasized.

#### EE651 Digital Switching Engineering

This course covers various switching technologies for telecommunication networks including circuit switching, packet switching, frame relay, ATM, and IP routing technologies in terms of basic concepts, underlying principles and theories, and protocols. It also deals with system architectures, fundamental components and functions of switching systems to give an insight on implementation methodologies of complex switching systems. The course also covers network aspects such as traffic theory, signaling, and traffic/congestion control methods.

#### EE652 Optical Communication

This course involves the fundamental principles for understanding and applying fiber optic technology to modern telecommunication systems. This course starts with a brief review of telecommunication network, and covers

various aspects of fiber optic communication technology including the fundamentals of fiber optic waveguides, signal degradations, photodetection, optical receiver design, fiber optic link design, and amplified WDM systems.

#### EE653 Network Security

This lecture provides students with the knowledge and skills to begin supporting network security within an organization. Students who complete this course will be able to identify security threats and vulnerabilities, and help respond to and recover from security incidents.

#### EE654 MIMO Wireless Communications

The course mainly covers the effective use of multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) antennas in wireless communications in order to enhance the system capacity and the link reliability. It also covers the review of basics in wireless communication systems, diversity gains, power gains, degree of freedom gains, and multiplexing capability of MIMO systems, the capacity of MIMO channel and the opportunistic communication for a fast fading channel, MIMO transmitter/receiver architectures, the outage performance, diversity-multiplexing tradeoff, and universal space-time codes for a slow fading channel, and the role of multiuser MIMO channel in uplink and downlink

#### EE655 Economics in Communication Network

This lecture provides economic tools to understand various mechanisms, algorithms, protocols in communication networks. The main tools include game theory, auction theory, and many examples based on the recent papers are introduced and discussed.

#### EE657 Local Area Network/Metropolitan Area Network (LAN/MAN)

This course provides the broad view of network architecture and protocol at local area network and metropolitan area network (LAN/MAN). We focus on design concept of LAN/MAN with user and operator viewpoints (e.g., cost, complexity, and performance). Topics include all the IEEE 802.x series including 802.3x (Ethernet), 802.11x (Wireless), 802.15 (Cable), 802.16x (Wibro/WiMax), 802.17 (RPR), 802.21 (MIH), etc. In addition, virtual private network (VPN) and passive optical network (PON) are investigated.

#### EE658 Queueing theory with applications

The course briefly deals with fundamental stochastic processes such as Poisson, renewal, discrete-time Markov chain, continuous-time Markov chain, IBP, IPP, MMBP, MMPP, self-similar process. The course then covers various queueing systems and their applications such as Markovian BD queues, advanced Markovian models, M/G/1 priority queue, M/G/1 retrial queue, and M/G/1 queue with vacation.

#### EE659 Wireless Communication Network

This course teaches the principles of wireless network access techniques and system applications. The main focus of contents includes wireless radio resource management such as medium access techniques, power control, handoff and scheduling. Optimization of wireless systems in terms of capacity and efficiency is addressed and their applications to WiFi, WiMax, and ad hoc/sensor/mesh networks are provided.

#### EE661 Solid State Physics

The course will cover basic physics and applications of various solid state materials such as metals, semiconductors, dielectrics, thermoelectric materials, and magnetic materials. Also are included the various physics of nanostructures such as quantum well, quantum wire, quantum dots.

#### EE663 High Frequency Electronic Devices

This course aims to give an understanding of the fundamental principles and technological developments in high-frequency electronic devices for microwave and high-speed digital / analog electronic systems and applications. (Prerequisite: EE362)

#### EE665 CMOS Front-end Process Technology

This module covers essential process steps in CMOS IC fabrication, focusing on front-end process technology including gate module, shallow junction module, thin film deposition, interconnection, and patterning technology. The students also develop understanding on physical background of each unit process as well as integration issues in modern CMOS devices. Recent developments on front-end processing are also covered. (Prerequisite: EE302, EE362, EE468)

#### EE666 Optoelectronic Semiconductor Devices and Their Applications

The purpose of this course is to provide the basic principles and technological developments in semiconductor optoelectronic devices and their applications. This lecture covers optical properties of semiconductor materials, operating principles of semiconductor light sources, photodetectors, and image sensing devices along with recent research trends as well as their system applications, such as high-speed optoelectronic signal processing and passive/active optical image sensing.

(Prerequisite: EE362)

#### EE669 Experimental Methods in Biotechnology

This course will introduce state of the art experimental biotechnology that may lead to the discovery of new diagnostic markers or therapies in biomedicine. The emphasis will be on experimental procedures in biomolecular analysis in living tissue, DNA and protein sequencing methods, cDNA gene expression analysis, and numerous nano-bio devices that enable nanomedicine in the future.

#### EE676 Analog Integrated Circuits

This course deals with advanced level of analog circuits emphasis on CMOS. The topics include wideband operational amplifiers, comparators, Switched capacitor filters, ADC, DAC, continuous time filters, etc.

(Prerequisite: EE571)

#### EE678 Digital Integrated Circuits

This course is designed to expose students to the important issues in high performance CMOS circuit design. This course covers the data path design in full custom design methodology, clocking strategy, and the state-of-the art CMOS logic styles.

#### EE679 Analog and Mixed Signal Circuits for Communication

This course covers fundamentals of PLLs and ADCs from the standpoint of integrated circuits. Emphasis is placed on the principles behind various PLL and ADC architectures as well as detailed circuit techniques. Students must be comfortable with and should have sound fundamentals in signal processing, stochastic processes, control systems and CMOS integrated circuits.

(Prerequisite: EE381, EE403)

#### EE681 Nonlinear Control

This course is intended to present the fundamental result of analysis and design of nonlinear control systems. Especially, this course is concerned with the analysis tools for nonlinear dynamical systems and the design techniques for nonlinear control systems.

(Prerequisite: EE581)

#### EE682 Intelligent Control Theory

Among the various well-known intelligent control techniques, the methods of fuzzy control and neural net-based learning control are first introduced to allow for handling ambiguous / uncertain situations and effective supervised learning, respectively. Specifically, the theory of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic-based inference mechanism are studied and the design techniques of fuzzy control are introduced. Then, the neural net learning structure is discussed and the control system based on the artificial neural nets is studied. Fuzzy-neuro systems are also considered. In the second part of the course work, some other computational intelligence techniques such as GA and the rough set are briefly covered and then the basic machine learning techniques and the reinforcement learning method are studied in conjunction with their use in control system design.

(Prerequisite: EE581)

#### EE683 Robot Control

This course is intended to cover kinematics, dynamics and control algorithm of robot manipulator. After covering homogeneous transformations, kinematics equations, motion trajectory planning, we will handle various control methods. We will compare the utilization of these control methods through simulation.

#### EE684 Evolutionary Computation

This course aims to analyze real-world optimization problems and then propose efficient solution by means of evolutionary algorithmic techniques. Students will learn evolutionary numerical and combinatorial optimization, evolutionary multi-objective optimization and various evolution algorithms such as GA, EP, ES, PSO, DE, MA,

PBIL, etc.

#### EE686 Optimization Theory

This course deals with optimization theories to solve problems in engineering, economics, management, and other practical applications. Classical methods based on geometry through linear vector space and function analysis are studied. Also optimization methods based on evolutionary computation and neural network are dealt with as an advanced technology. The contents include linear planning, nonlinear planning, dynamic planning, function optimization, least squares method, etc.

(Prerequisite: EE581)

#### EE687 Real-Time Control

Real-time control is an important field in electrical engineering with applications to industrial automation, aerospace, and medical instrumentations. In this course, various topics for real-time control system are covered including performance, deadline, task scheduling, real-time operating system, real-time communication, and fault-tolerance.

#### EE690 Overlay Networking

This course provides a broad introduction to overlay networks and overlay networked systems. We focus on basic principles and key issues in designing and implementing overlay networked systems. Topics include resilient routing overlay construction, content distribution networks, (un)structured peer-to-peer systems, overlay multicast systems and so on.

#### EE691 Telecom. Network Management

The lecture on network management will introduce the key issues in the communications network management and will cover a new paradigm encountered in managing communications network.

#### EE692 Parallel and Distributed Computation in Communication Network

This course covers mathematical theories associated with computation, convergence, communication and synchronization of parallel and distributed algorithms which often appear in network, communication, control, signal processing and OR problems, focusing on asynchronous parallel and distributed algorithms. System of equations, nonlinear optimization, variational inequality problem, shortest path problem, dynamic programming, and network flow problem will be addressed as applications with many real-world examples.

#### EE694 Telephone and IP Telephony Network

This course covers overall aspects of telephone networks and newly emerging IP based next generation networks (NGN). Topics include overview of telephone networks, traffic theory, control and software system, performance evaluation of switching systems, transmission systems, signaling systems, intelligent systems, voice-over IP, IP signaling protocols, and next generation networks (NGN).

#### EE696 Telecommunication Software Design

The design and implementation of physical layer, data link layer and network layer protocols are explained. Also, client / server programming using UNIX and windows sockets is studied. Moreover, the architecture of SDR based terminal is investigated. Finally, this course involves protocol design, verification and optimization.

(Prerequisite: EE527)

#### EE698 Multimedia Communication Middleware

Communication middleware is a distributed software layer that works above the network operating system and below the application layer and abstracts the heterogeneity of the underlying environment. Since a middleware is represented with providing useful building blocks for the construction of software component, the lecture on communication middleware will introduce basic principles, architectures, interactions in distributed system, and a broad sense of content in the distributed computing infrastructure.

#### EE713 Entertainment Platform

This lecture covers the H/W and S/W architectures of Entertainment Platform(EP). The issues of CPU, GPU, HCI, Entertainment engine, OS, Networks, 2D-3D-4D Entertainment Systems, Graphics, Animation, VR, Affective Computing, Storage, Services will be discussed in detail.

#### EE722 Advanced Signal Detection

This course is to discuss some important advanced topics in the area of signal detection theory. Topics may vary: In Fall 2005, the main topic will be locally optimum detection of weak signals.  
(Prerequisite: {EE528 and EE622} or {Approval of the Instructor})

#### EE727 Broadband Network Design and Analysis

This course provides performance analysis of the existing and future network according to ISO/OSI 7 layer model. We focus on performance of network systems (switch, router, server/gateway, wireless) and their protocols. Topics include mathematical approaches on flow control, routing, polling, and scheduling algorithm by using queuing theory. Operational analysis and OPNET simulation are compared with numerical results.

#### EE731 Adaptive Signal Processing

The course covers fundamental theories and key techniques for applications in adaptive signal processing. More details are signal modelling, optimal estimation theory, Wiener and Kalman filters, eigen-filters, LMS/RLS algorithms, and their variants. We also deal with advanced topics such as adaptive equalization, adaptive beam-forming and adaptive interference cancellations.  
(Prerequisite: EE432, EE528)

#### EE733 Multirate Signal Processing

This course introduces fundamentals of multirate digital signal processing, such as decimation, expansion, theory and design of multirate filter banks, wavelet transform, and applications of multirate signal processing.  
(Prerequisite: EE432)

#### EE734 Image Understanding

This course explores the theory and methodologies used to interpret images and videos in terms of semantic content. Techniques from pattern recognition are introduced and discussed to explain how to apply them for image understanding.  
(Prerequisite: EE535)

#### EE735 Computer Vision

This course will explore the principles, models and applications of computer vision. The course consists of five parts: image formation and image models; generic features, such as edges and corners, from images; the multiple view analysis to recover three dimensional structure from images; segmentation of images and tracking; the object recognition methodologies.  
(Prerequisite: EE535)

#### EE737 Imaging Systems

This course is designed to introduce several medical image systems and the related applications based on various image processing techniques. Topics include image reconstruction algorithms, X-ray CT, single photon emission CT, positron emission tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasound imaging, and related post processing techniques.

#### EE738 Speech Recognition Systems

The goal of this course is to provide the theoretical and technical basis required to design and implement speech recognition algorithms or systems. The topics include acoustic-phonetic characterization, speech processing techniques for speech recognition, pattern comparison techniques, theory and implementation of HMMs, searching techniques for continuous speech recognition, and other related implementation issues.  
(Prerequisite: EE432)

#### EE739 Cognitive Information Processing

This course discusses cognitive information processing mechanism in our brain and computational models for human-like cognitive systems. We will first discuss neural data representation, and move to the models of perception, attention, socialization, memory, learning, reasoning, and problem solving.

#### EE741 Radiation and Diffraction of Waves

This course deals with radiation & diffraction phenomena of electromagnetic waves by various mathematical representations including classical Green's function, mode functions. Asymptotic evaluation of their integrals for several cases is introduced, and diffraction problems by a dielectric wedge are also explained.

#### EE742 Ray Analysis for Electromagnetic Scattering Problems

This course is designed for introducing ray analysis to analyze electromagnetic scattering problems. As one of the ray analyses, GTD (Geometrical Theory of Diffraction) is explained and employed to solve various electromagnetic scattering problems.

#### EE745 EMI / EMC Design and Analysis

This course is designed to provide fundamental principles of EMI / EMC with numerous design practices of high performance circuit, module, and system to meet EMI / EMC compliant specifications.

(Prerequisite: EE204, EE304)

#### EE746 Radar System

This course covers many facets of the topic of high resolution radar, including basic principles, radar systems, Doppler radar, polarimetric radar, and spaceborne radar, and Synthetic Aperture Radar.

#### EE748 High-Frequency Passive Devices

Course objective is to provide a comprehensive understanding of various high-frequency passive devices and their circuit characteristics for RF/MW systems & applications.

#### EE755 Advanced Coding Theory

This is an advanced course on coding theory, which is a sequel to EE621. We continue with more in-depth treatment of LDPC and turbo codes followed by some recent developments in coding theory including rateless codes and dirty paper coding. Topics covered are: codes on graphs, message-passing, irregular LDPC code ensembles, density evolution, concentration theorem, stability condition, thresholds, capacity-achieving sequences for BEC, EXIT chart, EXIT function and area theorem, multi-edge type LDPC codes, LDGM, rateless, LT, and Raptor codes, efficient encoding for LDPC codes, Code design in Euclidean space, coding and shaping gains, lattice strategies for coding, dirty paper coding

#### EE756 Advanced Information Theory

This course covers advanced topics in information theory, especially, multiuser information theory and network information theory.

#### EE757 Nonlinear Fiber Optics

This course is designed to lecture nonlinear optical phenomena in optical fiber and their applications including effects on optical communications. The course will start with general concepts of nonlinear optics and wave propagation in optical fiber.

#### EE758 Optical Networks

This course provides a broad introduction to optical networks. We review the fundamentals of optical communication technologies, the optical circuit and packet network technologies, and all optical packet switching networking. Topics include optical fiber system, optical networking technologies, PON, WDM networking, IP over WDM, OPS/OBS, and optical layer management technologies.

(Prerequisite: EE441, EE520, EE527)

#### EE762 Advanced MOS Device Physics

This course will cover advanced device physics of MOSFETs and their ultimate scaling. Recent trends such as a new device structure and a new material will be introduced, and various types of memory devices as an example of detailed applications are also covered. Through a depth of study in quantum effects, reliability issues, and modeling, this course can provide core knowledge of next device technologies and a chance to explore new applications.

(Prerequisite: EE362, EE561)

#### EE764 Quantum Engineering for Nanoelectronic Devices

In this course, basic principles, applications, and recent issues in front-edge nanoelectronic devices such as RTD, FinFETs, nanowire MOSFETs, Carbon nanotubes, Graphene nano-ribbons, quantum dot, and spin-based devices will be covered. This course consists of theoretical consideration of the subjects and practical on-line simulation sessions using existing tools.

(Prerequisite: EE565)



#### EE766 Plasma Electronics

In this course, the basic concept and principle of plasma electronics will be studied. In particular, the basic phenomena of electronics in gas phase and the fundamental theory of plasmonics will be studied. The application of plasma electronics for plasma process and high efficiency electronic displays and energy devices will be also discussed.

#### EE772 Electronic Circuits for Green Energy

This course will teach students fundamental concepts and technologies for energy harvesting systems and their related circuits, as well as power management IC technologies that can minimize the power usage.

#### EE773 Bio-Medical CMOS IC Design

This course covers broad aspects of electrical engineering including fundamental concepts, history, and various application areas. Roles and futures of electrical engineering are also addressed in this course.

#### EE774 VLSI Design Methodology

The course covers SoC basics, i.e. its system requirement, architecture and design methodology including the description of SoC HW and SW components, introduction to platform-based SoC design methodology with several categories of SoC platform. The course will also include introduction to Network-on-Chip (NoC) and Multi-Processor SoC (MPSoC).

#### EE775 Communication Core IP Design

The course objective is to analyze the key algorithms (FFT, DCT, Viterbi Decoder, Digital Filter + application specific core IP's) for wireless and wired communication systems and to design their core IP's. Especially the performance improvement (latency, throughput, power) of communication core IP's will be studied and their implementation will be done using IP's.

#### EE783 Adaptive Control Theory

This course deals with system identification to know the unknown system parameters for controlling the system. There are two schemes for the control of the unknown system: one is direct adaptive control and the other is indirect adaptive control. Robust adaptive control and adaptive control for nonlinear systems are dealt with.

(Prerequisite: EE581)

#### EE785 Robust Control Theory

This course introduces variable structure control (VSC) theory which is one of the robust control theories. Various basic theorems of VSC will be analyzed in the sliding mode. Expanding the target plant from a second order plant to the n-th order plant, it will be studied how to determine switching conditions and switching vectors. Stability will be analyzed by designing a feedback control loop. By integrating multi-variable structure with optimal control theory and adaptive control theory, the problem of system optimization and the problem of determining coefficients of switching vector in sliding mode will be resolved. Based on those theories, discrete variable structure control (DVSC) will be introduced. Finally, it will be studied how to apply those theories to the control system in robot systems, space aerial planes, satellites, chemical plants, power plants and motors.

(Prerequisite: EE581, EE681)

#### EE786 Optimal Control Theory

This course deals with the derivation of maximum principle and the design of optimal control system. It includes an optimal design method for minimum time and energy along with dynamic programming and discrete maximum principle. Also advanced topics of optimal control are introduced.

(Prerequisite: EE581)

#### EE788 Robot Cognition and Planning

This course deals with sensor fusion, decision making and information procession on real time for intelligent robots. To have a higher level of cognition, advanced level of problem solving methods are presented for task planning, scheduling and navigation planning.

(Prerequisite: EE682, EE683)

#### EE791 Power Conversion Circuits and Systems

This course covers the practical design and analysis of various DC / DC converters in the power conversion

system. High frequency transformer, inductor, Magnetic Amplifier, Snubber, and Feedback Stabilization is studied to give students deep insight of power conversion system. Also the power factor correction circuit is introduced as AC / DC converter. Every student carry out the term project about design and modeling of a DC / DC converter. On completion of this course, students will have confidence on their ability of design and analysis of power conversion system.

(Prerequisites: EE391, EE594)

EE807 Special Topics in Electrical Engineering

EE808 Special Topics in Electronic Engineering I

EE809 Special Topics in Electronic Engineering II

This course covers topics of interest in electrical engineering at the graduate level. The course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE817 Special Topics in Computer Engineering

This course covers topics of interest in computer engineering to students at the graduate level. The contents of this course are specifically designed by the instructor.

EE827 Special Topics in Communication

This course covers topics of interest in communication engineering at the graduate level. Course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE837 Special Topics in Signal Processing

This course is to introduce some important topics in the general area of communications and signal processing. Topics may vary from year to year.

EE838 Special Topics in Image Engineering

This course introduces a selected topics of recent technologies and algorithm related to image processing and imaging systems.

(Prerequisite: EE432, EE535)

EE847 Special Topics in Electromagnetics

This course is designed to cover the special topics of current interests in electromagnetics.

EE857 Special Topics in Optical Engineering

This course is designed to cover the special topics of current interests in optical engineering.

EE867 Special Topics in Physical Electronics

This course covers topics of interest in physical electronics at the graduate level students. The course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE868 Special Topics in Solid-State Physics

This course covers topics of interest in solid-state physics for students at the graduate level. The content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE877 Special Topics in Integrated Circuits

This course covers topics of interest in integrated circuits for students at the graduate level. The course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE878 Special Topics in VLSI

This course covers recent issues related with the VLSI System design.

EE887 Special Topics in Robotics

This course covers topics of interest in robotics for graduate level students. Course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE888 Special Topics in Control Theory

This course covers topics of interest in control theory at the graduate level. Course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE897 Special Topics in Power Electronics

This course covers topics of interest in power electronics for students at the graduate level. Course content is specifically designed by the instructor.

EE898 Special Topics in Intelligent Information Processing

The relationship between intelligence and information is explained. New realization techniques of intelligent systems are illustrated. Design methods of intelligent systems are explained with relation to information flow.

EE960 M.S. Thesis

In this course, the student selects an advisor and a research topic, and conduct research for basic understanding and application of a specific topic in electrical engineering.

EE966 M.S. Seminar

This course is composed of invited lectures given by experts in electrical engineering and various related subject areas.

EE968 Technical Writing

This course addresses essential elements in how to correctly write a research / technical paper. Topics include: a right understanding into graduate studies, a method of doing good research, how to note a memo, writing a technical paper, and case studies.

EE980 Ph.D Thesis

In this course, the student selects an advisor and a research topic, and conducts research for basic understanding and application of a specific topic in electrical engineering.

EE986 Ph.D Seminar

This course is composed of invited lectures from experts in electrical engineering and various areas.